UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION **WASHINGTON, DC 20549**

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

February 17, 2006 (Date of earliest event reported)

ALASKA AIR GROUP, INC. (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

1-8957 (Commission File Number)

91-1292054 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

19300 International Boulevard, Seattle, Washington (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

98188 (Zip Code)

(206) 392-5040 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)
ck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following isions (see General Instruction A.2. below):
Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This report contains forward-looking statements subject to the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements relate to future events and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause actual outcomes to be materially different from that indicated by any forward-looking statements. Some of the things that could cause our actual results to differ from our expectations are: the competitive environment and other trends in our industry; changes in our operating costs including fuel, which can be volatile; our ability to meet our cost reduction goals; our inability to achieve or maintain profitability and fluctuations in our quarterly results; our significant indebtedness; our inability to secure new aircraft financing; the implementation of our growth strategy; possible accelerated retirement of our MD-80 fleet; compliance with our financial covenants; potential downgrades of our credit ratings and the availability of financing; the concentration of our revenue from a few key markets; general economic conditions, as well as economic conditions in the geographic regions we serve; actual or threatened terrorist attacks; global instability and potential U.S. military actions or activities; insurance costs; labor disputes; our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel; an aircraft accident or incident; liability and other claims asserted against us; operational disruptions; increases in government fees and taxes; changes in laws and regulations; our reliance on automated systems; and our reliance on third-party vendors and partners. For a discussion of these and other risk factors, see Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2005 on Form 10-K. All of the forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the risk factors discussed therein. These risk factors may not be exhaustive. We operate in a continually changing business environment, and new risk factors emerge from time to time. Management cannot predict such new risk factors, nor can it assess the impact, if any, of such new risk factors on our business or events described in any forward-looking statements. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after the date of this press release to conform them to actual results.

ITEM 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure

Pursuant to 17 CFR Part 243 ("Regulation FD"), the Company is submitting information relating to its financial and operational outlook for 2005. This report includes information regarding forecasts of available seat miles (ASMs), cost per available seat mile (CASM) excluding fuel consumption, as well as certain actual results for revenue passenger miles (RPMs), load factor and revenue per available seat mile (RASM), for its subsidiaries Alaska Airlines, Inc. and Horizon Air. Our disclosure of operating cost per available seat mile, excluding fuel, provides us the ability to measure and monitor our performance without these items. The most directly comparable GAAP measure is total operating expense per available seat mile. However, due to the large fluctuations in fuel prices, we are unable to predict total operating expense for any future period with any degree of certainty. In addition, we believe the disclosure of financial performance without mark-to-market hedging gains is useful to investors in evaluating our ongoing operational performance. Please see the cautionary statement under "Forward-Looking Information."

In accordance with General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the following information shall not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), nor shall such information be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing. This Report will not be deemed an admission as to the materiality of any information required to be disclosed solely to satisfy the requirements of Regulation FD.

References in this report on Form 8-K to "Air Group," "the Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to Alaska Air Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless otherwise specified. Alaska Airlines, Inc. and Horizon Air Industries, Inc. are referred to as "Alaska" and "Horizon," respectively, and together as our "airlines."

First Quarter 2006

	Forecast Q1	Change Yr/Yr
Alaska Airlines		
Capacity (ASMs in millions)	5,547	3%
Fuel gallons (000,000)	85.5	(2)%
Cost per ASM as reported on a GAAP basis (cents)*	11.35	2%
Less: Fuel cost per ASM (cents)*	3.00	26%
Cost per ASM excluding fuel (cents)*	8.35	(3)%

Alaska Airlines' January traffic increased 3.7% to 1.295 billion RPMs from 1.249 billion flown a year earlier. Capacity during January was 1.878 billion ASMs, 3.5% higher than the 1.814 billion in January 2005. The passenger load factor (the percentage of available seats occupied by fare-paying passengers) for the month was 69.0%, compared to 68.9% in January 2005. The airline carried 1,238,300 passengers compared to 1,231,400 in January 2005.

In January 2006, RASM increased 7.0% compared to January 2005 due primarily to an increase in yields per RPM.

* For Alaska, our forecasts of cost per ASM and fuel cost per ASM are based on forward-looking estimates, which will likely differ from actual results due to the volatility of fuel prices. There are several factors impacting our estimates including, but not limited to, the volatility of fuel prices and the finalization of labor agreements. As we are unable to apply "hedge accounting," the majority of the benefit we realize from settled fuel hedge contracts is classified in other non-operating income on our statement of operations and is thus not reflected in fuel cost per ASM above. See page 5 for additional information regarding fuel costs.

	Forecast Q1	Change Yr/Yr
Horizon Air		
Capacity (ASMs in millions)	871	11%
Fuel gallons (000,000)	13.1	9%
Cost per ASM as reported on a GAAP basis (cents)*	17.5	5%
Less: Fuel cost per ASM (cents)*	3.1	26%
Cost per ASM excluding fuel (cents)*	14.4	1%

Horizon Air's January traffic increased 11.6% to 190.8 million RPMs from 171.0 million flown a year earlier. Capacity for January was 294.6 million ASMs, 13.4% higher than the 259.9 million

in January 2005. The passenger load factor for the month was 64.8%, compared to 65.8% in January 2005. The airline carried 493,500 passengers compared to 473,300 in January 2005.

In January 2006, RASM increased 4.3% compared to January 2005 due primarily to an increase in yields per RPM, offset by the decrease in load factor.

* For Horizon, our forecasts of cost per ASM and fuel cost per ASM are based on forward-looking estimates, which will likely differ significantly from actual results. There are several factors impacting our estimates including, but not limited to, the volatility of fuel prices. As we are unable to apply hedge accounting, the majority of the benefit we realize from settled fuel hedge contracts is classified in other non-operating income on our statement of operations and is thus not reflected in fuel cost per ASM above. See page 5 for additional information regarding fuel costs.

Other Financial Information

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash and short-term investments decreased as of January 31, 2006 to approximately \$901 million compared to \$983 million at December 31, 2005.

Fuel Hedging

We are providing unaudited information about fuel price movements and the impact of our hedging program on our financial results. Management believes it is useful to compare results between periods that exclude the mark-to-market hedging gains/losses recorded on a GAAP basis and include the cash received or due on hedge positions settled during the period (although the related impact may have been recognized for financial reporting purposes in a prior period). We refer to this as the comparison of "economic fuel cost", which is presented below for January 2006.

Calculation of Economic Fuel Cost Per Gallon

January 2006 (unaudited)	Alaska Airlines (\$ in millions)		Alaska Airlines Cost/Gal		Horizon Air (\$ in millions)		Horizon Air Cost/Gal (cents)	
Fuel expense before hedge activities ("raw fuel")	\$	55.8	\$	1.94	\$	8.8	\$	2.05
Gains on settled hedges included in fuel expense		(0.2)		_		_		_
GAAP fuel expense	\$	55.6	\$	1.94	\$	8.8	\$	2.05
Gains on settled hedges included in non-operating income*		(9.1)		(.32)		(1.5)		(.35)
Economic fuel expense	\$	46.5	\$	1.62	\$	7.3	\$	1.70
							_	
% Change from prior year		35%		28%		43%		35%
	_						_	
Mark-to-Market Adjustment Related to Unsettled Hedges								

k-to-market gains included in non-operating income related to				
ges that settle in future periods, net of the reclassification of				
viously recorded mark-to-market gains to Gains on settled				
ges included in non-operating income	\$ 24.2	NM	\$ 5.3	NM

^{*} Amounts may include mark-to-market hedging gains (losses) recognized in non-operating income (expense) in previous periods.

Alaska Air Group's future hedge positions are as follows:

	Approximate % of Expected Fuel Requirements	Ci P	pproximate Crude Oil Price per Barrel	
First Quarter 2006	52%	\$	35.70	
Second Quarter 2006	53%	\$	39.76	
Third Quarter 2006	46%	\$	43.41	
Fourth Quarter 2006	35%	\$	46.10	
First Quarter 2007	20%	\$	43.09	
Second Quarter 2007	19%	\$	45.11	
Third Quarter 2007	22%	\$	45.27	
Fourth Quarter 2007	17%	\$	47.89	
First Quarter 2008	11%	\$	50.44	
Second Quarter 2008	6%	\$	49.26	
Third Quarter 2008	6%	\$	48.97	
Fourth Quarter 2008	5%	\$	48.68	

Operating Fleet Plan

The following table provides a fleet summary for Alaska and Horizon for actual airplanes on hand as of the date of this report. One CRJ700 was delivered in January and one B737-800 was delivered in February.

	Seats	On Hand February 17, 2006
Alaska Airlines		
B737-200C	111	7
B737-400	144	40
B737-700	124	22
B737-800	160	4
B737-900	172	12
MD-80	140	26
Total		111
Horizon Air		
Q200	37	28
Q400	74	18
CRJ 700	70	20
Total		66

The following table summarizes aircraft commitments for Alaska (B737-800) and Horizon (Q400 and CRJ 700) by year:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	Thereafter	Total
B737-800	11	9	7	3	6	3	39
Q-400	4	10		_	_	_	14
Totals	15	19	7	3	6	3	53
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Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ALASKA AIR GROUP, INC.

Registrant

Date: February 17, 2006

/s/ Brandon S. Pedersen

Brandon S. Pedersen

Staff Vice President/Finance and Controller

/s/ Bradley D. Tilden

Bradley D. Tilden

Executive Vice President/Finance and Chief Financial Officer